



PHARMACOGENETICS LABORATORY Institute of Biochemistry

http://ibk.mf.uni-lj.si/people/dolzan

The aim of pharmacogenomics in medicine is to improve diagnostics, prediction of treatment response and treatment efficacy for individual patients based on their genetic variability. Understanding which genetic factors are involved in disease susceptibility enables faster diagnosis, therefore allowing faster treatment. Adjustment of treatment selection or dosage based on patients' demographic, clinical and genetic characteristics may improve treatment efficacy and reduce the occurrence of complications due to treatment.

PHARMACOGENOMICS PERSONALISED MEDICINE TRANSLATIONAL RESEARCH EDUCATION

SCIENCE COMMUNICATION

Warfarin
Antipsychotics
Antidepressants
Antiepileptics
Antidiabetics
Antirheumatics
Statins
Chemotherapeutics

Oncology
Metabolic disorders
Neurology and
neurodegenerative
diseases
Psychiatry
Transplantation
medicine

Cytochromes P450
Metabolic enzymes
Drug transporters
Drug targets
Folate pathway
Antioxidant
enzymes
DNA repair

Clinical collaborations:

Institute of Oncology Ljubljana
UMC Ljubljana
University Psychiatric Clinic Ljubljana
UMC Maribor
SB Celje

ZD Ljubljana ZD Kočevje ZD Sevnica ZD Litija ZD Trebnie

PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

ARRS P1-0170 Molecular mechanisms of regulation of cellular processes related to some human diseases (Vita Dolžan)

ARRS L3-8203 Serum, genetic and epigenetic markers of risk for developing, progress and treatment response in asbestos related diseases (Vita Dolžan)

ARRS J3-1753 Molecular predictors of radiation treatment response in breast cancer (Katja Goričar)



Horizon 2020 Grant No. 668353 – Ubiquitous Pharmacogenomics (U-PGx): Making actionable pharmacogenomic data and effective treatment optimization accessible to every European citizen 1. 1. 2016 – 31. 12. 2020 (Henk-Jan Guchelaar, Leiden)



CA15129 DiMoPEx 11. 4. 2016 – 10. 4. 2020 (Lygia Therese Budnik, Hamburg) **CA15132** hCOMET 12. 4. 2016 – 11. 4. 2020 (Andrew Collins, Oslo)

